

-100V P-Channel MOSFET

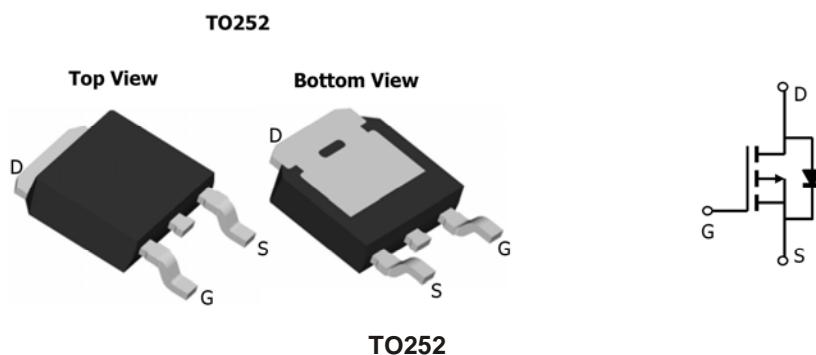
- Features

-100V/-18A ,
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 100m\Omega$ @ $V_{GS} = -10V$
 Lead Free Available (RoHS Compliant)

- General Description

The FS2245 combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$. this device is well suited for high current load applications.

- Pin Configuration



- Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	-18	A
		-12	
Pulsed Drain Current ^{note}	I_{DM}	-72	
Avalanche energy $L=1mH$ ^{note}	E_{AS}, E_{AR}	722	mJ
Power Dissipation ^{note}	P_D	50	W
		25	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics					
Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	17	26	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		40	50		
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	2.5	3		

Note:

1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
2. Surface Mounted on FR4 Board, $t \leq 10$ sec. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300 \mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.
3. EAS condition: $T_j=25^\circ C, VDD=-30V, VG=-10V, L=1mH, R_g=25 \Omega, I_{AS}=38A$

FS2245

- Electrical Characteristics ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS							
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-100			V
$I_{\text{DS}(\text{SS})}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		-0.002	-1	uA
			$T_A=55^\circ\text{C}$			-5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$				±0.1	
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$		-1.0	-1.9	-3.0	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current ^{note}	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$		50			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-20\text{A}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		85	100	mΩ
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-10\text{A}$		-	--	--	
g_{FS}	Forward Trans conductance	$V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-20\text{A}$			25		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			-0.75	-1.2	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					-12	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS							
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$			2460		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance				615		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				246		
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$			6	10	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS							
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, I_D=-12\text{A}$			55.5		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$					35		
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge				16		
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge				19		
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, R_L=2.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$			15		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time				17		
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time				40		
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time				45		
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$			50	65	
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$			59		nC

A: The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{BJA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{BJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\ \mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

*This device is guaranteed green after data code 8X11 (Sep 1ST 2008).

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

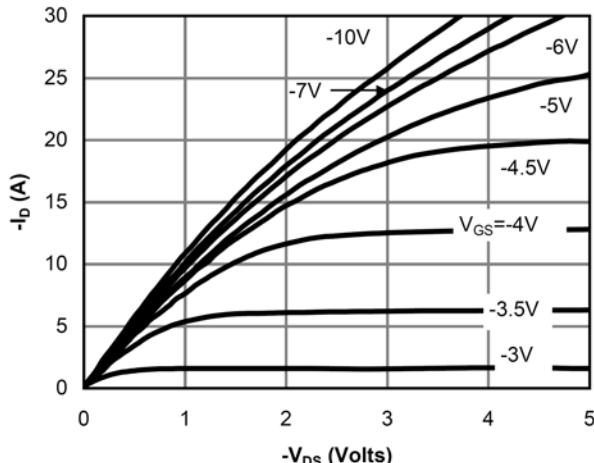


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

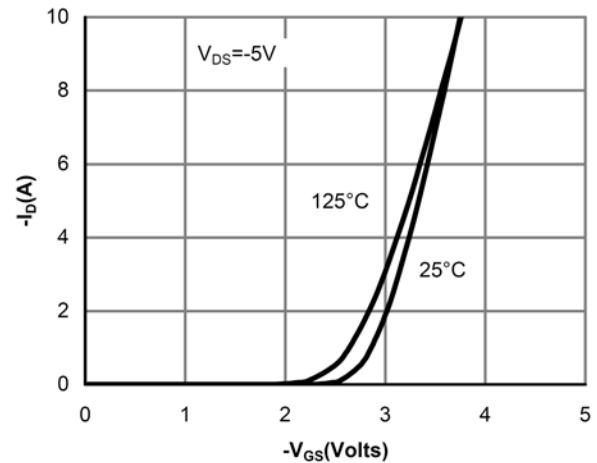


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

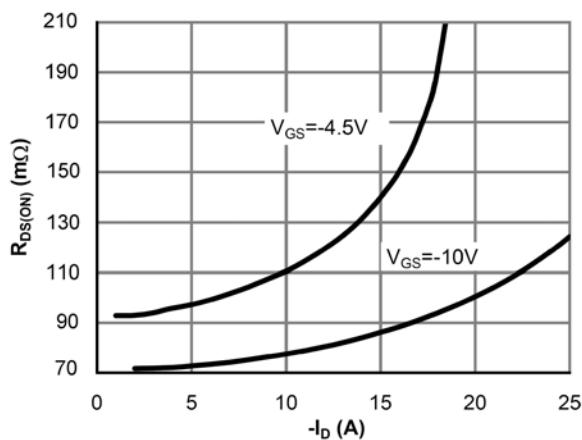


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

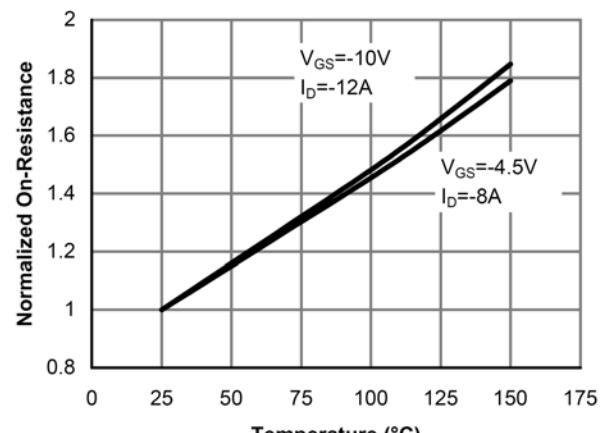


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

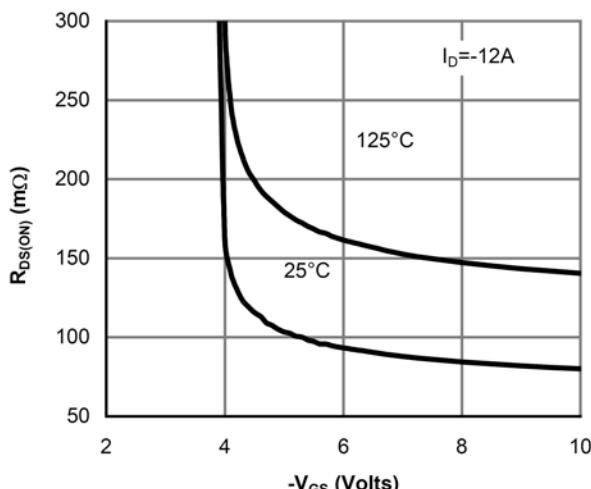


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

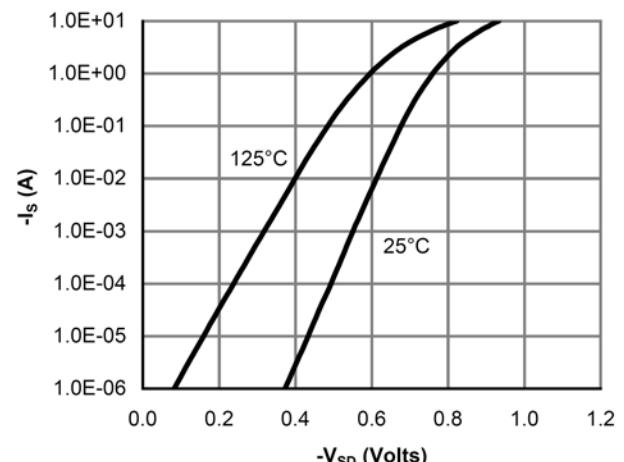
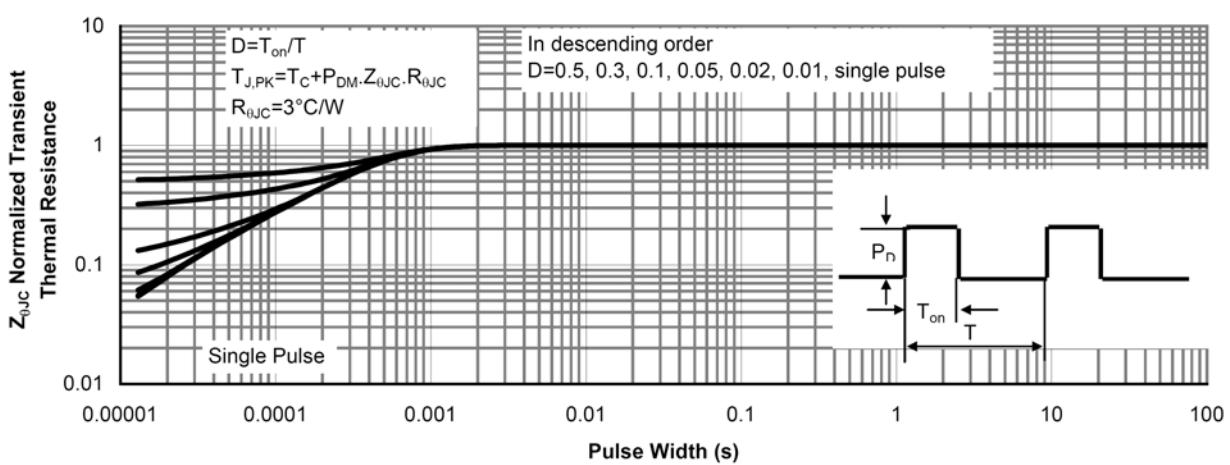
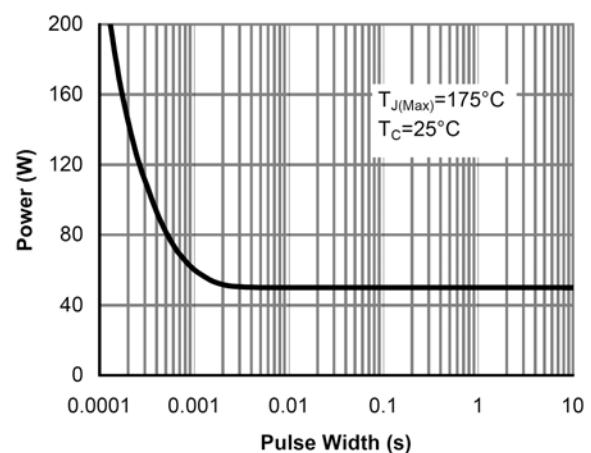
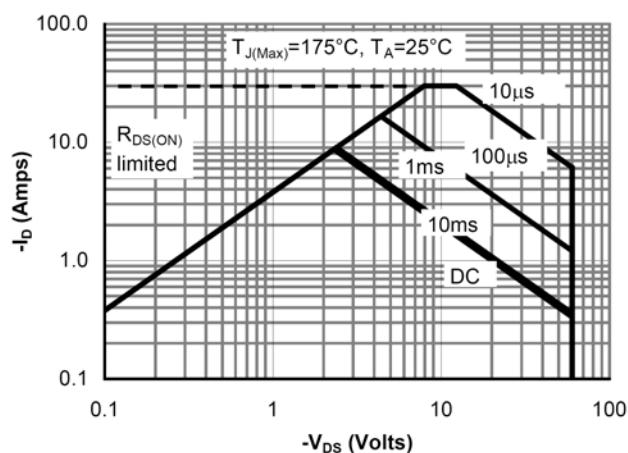
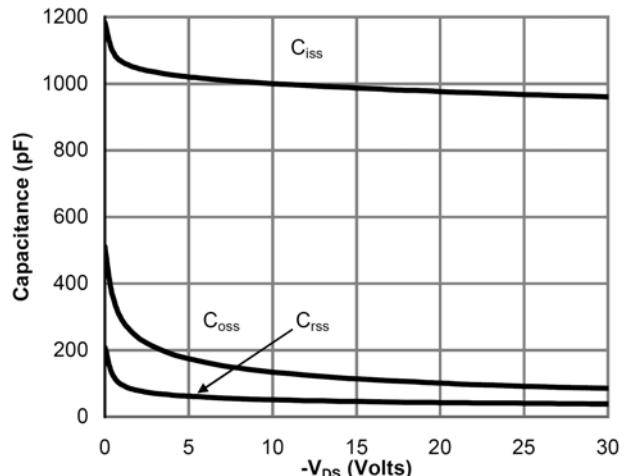
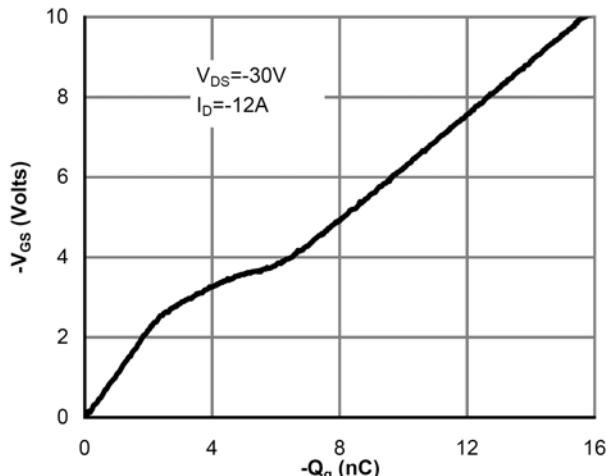


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

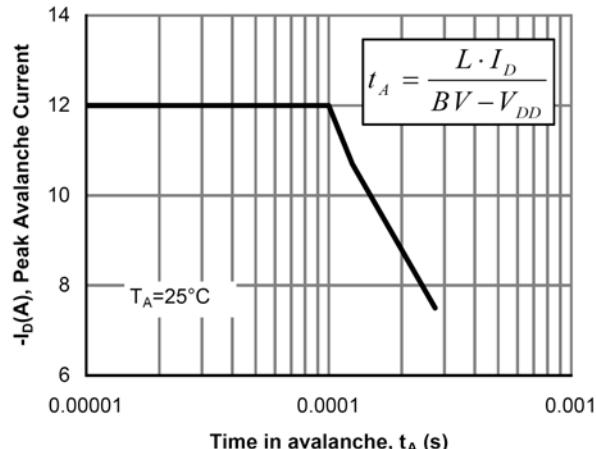


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability

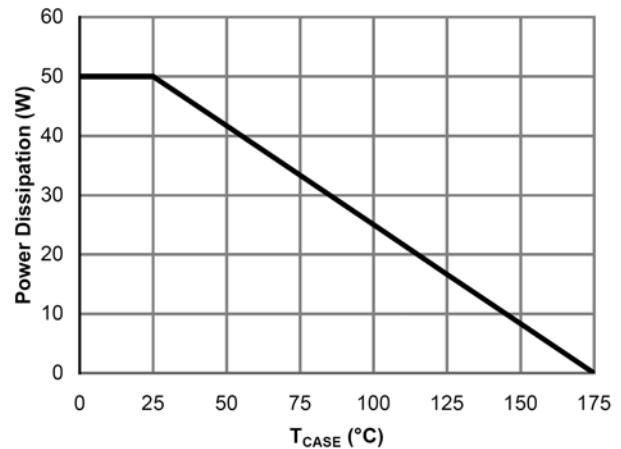


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note B)

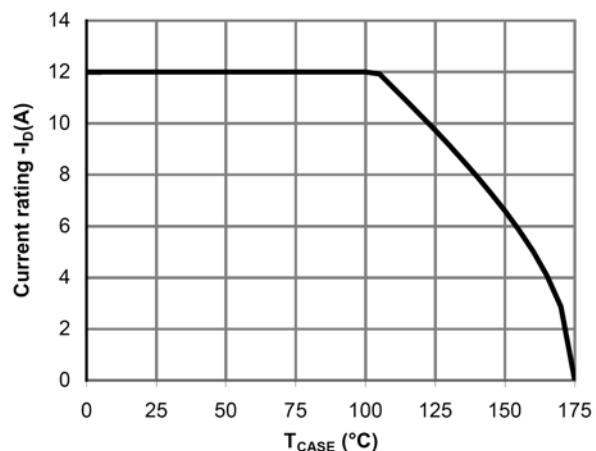


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note B)

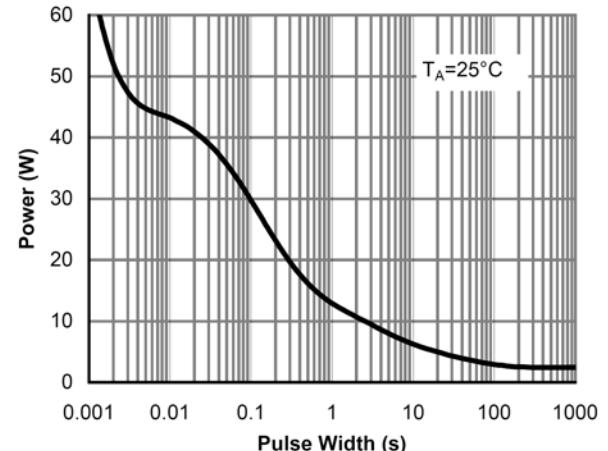


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

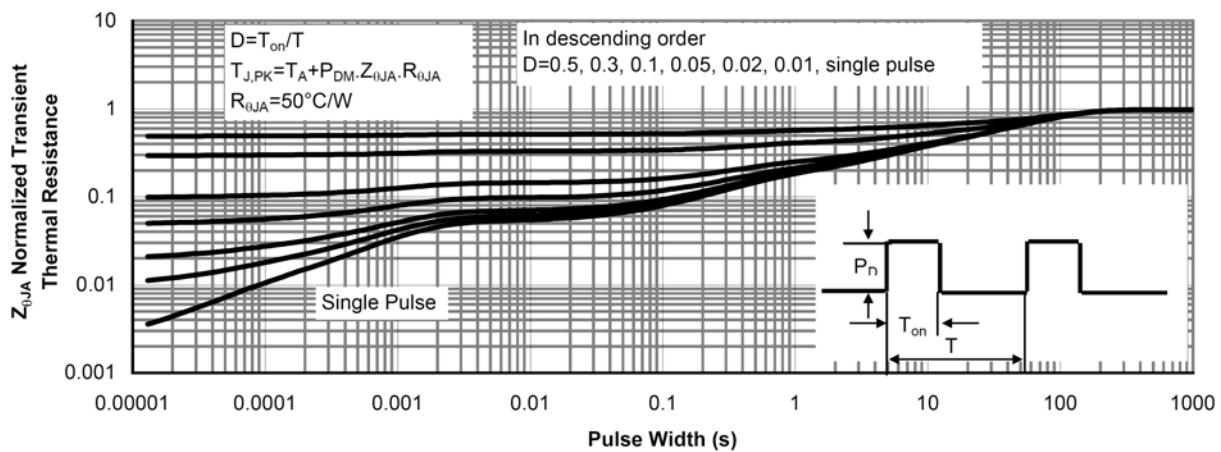
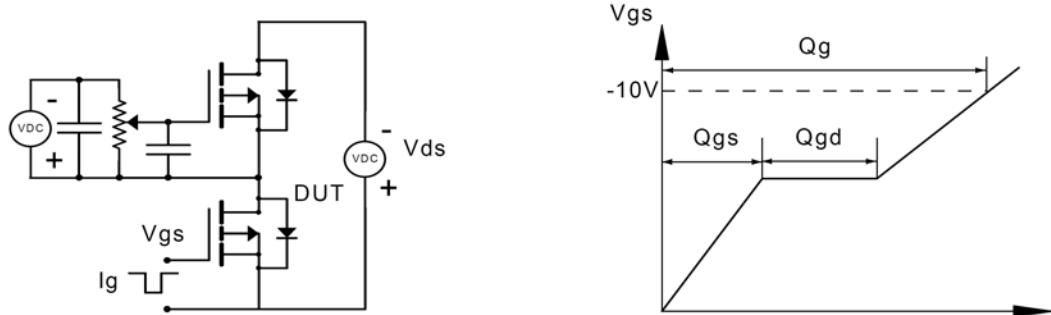


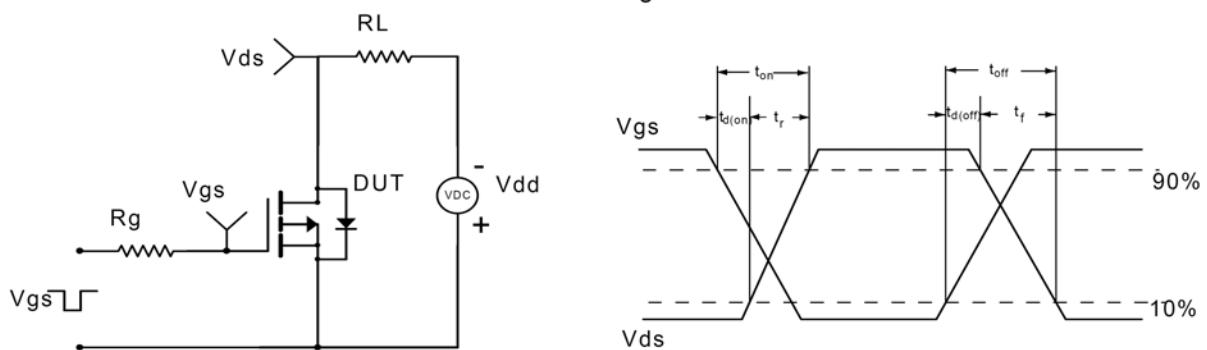
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

FS2245

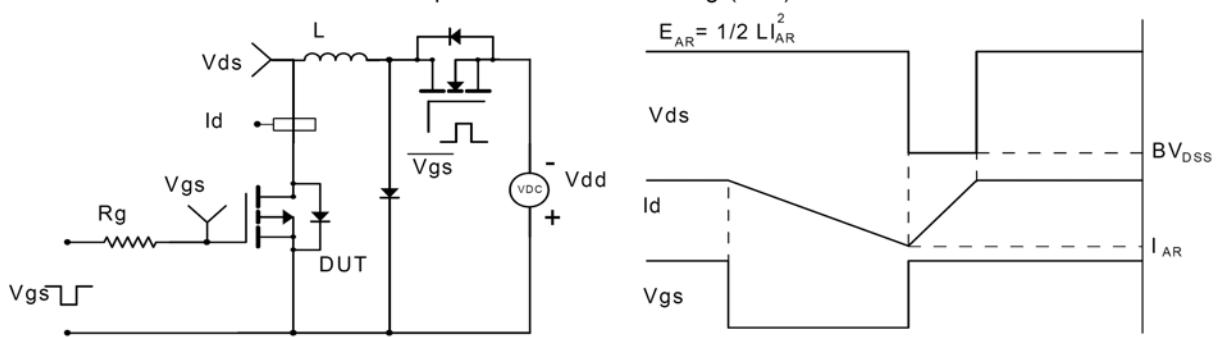
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

